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1ST SESSION

# H. R. 2467

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IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

JULY 22, 2021

Received; read twice and referred to the Committee on Environment and  
Public Works

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## AN ACT

To require the Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency to designate per- and polyfluoroalkyl substances as hazardous substances under the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act of 1980.

1       *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,*

**1 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE; TABLE OF CONTENTS.**

2       (a) SHORT TITLE.—This Act may be cited as the  
3     “PFAS Action Act of 2021”.

4       (b) TABLE OF CONTENTS.—The table of contents for  
5     this Act is as follows:

- See. 1. Short title; table of contents.
- Sec. 2. Designation as hazardous substances.
- Sec. 3. Testing of perfluoroalkyl and polyfluoroalkyl substances.
- Sec. 4. Manufacturing and processing notices for perfluoroalkyl and polyfluoroalkyl substances.
- Sec. 5. National primary drinking water regulations for PFAS.
- Sec. 6. Enforcement.
- Sec. 7. Establishment of PFAS infrastructure grant program.
- Sec. 8. Listing of perfluoroalkyl and polyfluoroalkyl substances as hazardous air pollutants.
- Sec. 9. Prohibition on unsafe waste incineration of PFAS.
- Sec. 10. Label for PFAS-free products.
- Sec. 11. Guidance on minimizing the use of firefighting foam and other related equipment containing any PFAS.
- Sec. 12. Investigation of prevention of contamination by GenX.
- Sec. 13. Disclosure of introductions of PFAS.
- Sec. 14. Household well water testing website.
- Sec. 15. Risk-communication strategy.
- Sec. 16. Assistance to Territories for addressing emerging contaminants, with a focus on perfluoroalkyl and polyfluoroalkyl substances.
- Sec. 17. Clean Water Act effluent limitations guidelines and standards and water quality criteria for PFAS.
- Sec. 18. School drinking water testing and filtration grant program.
- Sec. 19. Analytical reference standards for PFAS.

**6 SEC. 2. DESIGNATION AS HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES.**

7       (a) DESIGNATION.—Not later than 1 year after the  
8 date of enactment of this Act, the Administrator of the  
9 Environmental Protection Agency shall designate  
10 perfluorooctanoic acid and its salts, and  
11 perfluoroactanesulfonic acid and its salts, as hazardous  
12 substances under section 102(a) of the Comprehensive En-  
13 vironmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act of  
14 1980 (42 U.S.C. 9602(a)).

1       (b) DEADLINE FOR ADDITIONAL DETERMINA-  
2 TIONS.—Not later than 5 years after the date of enact-  
3 ment of this Act, the Administrator of the Environmental  
4 Protection Agency shall determine whether to designate  
5 all perfluoroalkyl and polyfluoroalkyl substances, other  
6 than those perfluoroalkyl and polyfluoroalkyl substances  
7 designated pursuant to subsection (a), as hazardous sub-  
8 stances under section 102(a) of the Comprehensive Envi-  
9 ronmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act of  
10 1980 (42 U.S.C. 9602(a)) individually or in groups.

11       (c) AIRPORT SPONSORS.—

12           (1) IN GENERAL.—No sponsor, including a  
13 sponsor of the civilian portion of a joint-use airport  
14 or a shared-use airport (as such terms are defined  
15 in section 139.5 of title 14, Code of Federal Regula-  
16 tions (or a successor regulation)), shall be liable  
17 under the Comprehensive Environmental Response,  
18 Compensation, and Liability Act of 1980 (42 U.S.C.  
19 9601 et seq.) for the costs of responding to, or dam-  
20 ages resulting from, a release to the environment of  
21 a perfluoroalkyl or polyfluoroalkyl substance des-  
22 ignated as a hazardous substance under section  
23 102(a) of such Act that resulted from the use of  
24 aqueous film forming foam agent, if such use was—

1                             (A) required by the Federal Aviation Ad-  
2                             ministration for compliance with part 139 of  
3                             title 14, Code of Federal Regulations; and

4                             (B) carried out in accordance with Federal  
5                             Aviation Administration standards and guid-  
6                             ance on the use of such substance.

7                             (2) SPONSOR DEFINED.—In this subsection, the  
8                             term “sponsor” has the meaning given such term in  
9                             section 47102 of title 49, United States Code.

10                           (d) PUBLIC AVAILABILITY.—Not later than 60 days  
11                             after making a determination under subsection (b), the  
12                             Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency  
13                             shall make the results of such determination publicly avail-  
14                             able on the website of the Environmental Protection Agen-  
15                             cy.

16                           (e) REVIEW.—

17                           (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 5 years after  
18                             the date of the enactment of this Act, the Adminis-  
19                             trator of the Environmental Protection Agency shall  
20                             submit to the appropriate congressional committees  
21                             a report containing a review of actions by the Envi-  
22                             ronmental Protection Agency to clean up contamina-  
23                             tion of the substances designated pursuant to sub-  
24                             section (a).

1                             (2) MATTERS INCLUDED.— The report under  
2 paragraph (1) shall include an assessment of clean-  
3 up progress and effectiveness, including the fol-  
4 lowing:

5                             (A) The number of sites where the Envi-  
6 ronmental Protection Agency has acted to re-  
7 mediate contamination of the substances des-  
8 ignated pursuant to subsection (a).

9                             (B) Which types of chemicals relating to  
10 such substances were present at each site and  
11 the extent to which each site was contaminated.

12                             (C) An analysis of discrepancies in cleanup  
13 between Federal and non-Federal contamina-  
14 tion sites.

15                             (D) Any other elements the Administrator  
16 may determine necessary.

17                             (3) APPROPRIATE CONGRESSIONAL COMMIT-  
18 TEES DEFINED.—In this subsection, the term “ap-  
19 propriate congressional committees” means the fol-  
20 lowing:

21                             (A) The Committee on Energy and Com-  
22 mmerce of the House of Representatives.

23                             (B) The Committee on the Environment  
24 and Public Works of the Senate.

1 SEC. 3. TESTING OF PERFLUOROALKYL AND  
2 POLYFLUOROALKYL SUBSTANCES.

3 (a) TESTING REQUIREMENTS.—Section 4(a) of the  
4 Toxic Substances Control Act (15 U.S.C. 2603(a)) is  
5 amended by adding at the end the following:

6 “(5) PERFLUOROALKYL AND  
7 POLYFLUOROALKYL SUBSTANCES RULE.—

8 “(A) RULE.—Notwithstanding paragraphs  
9 (1) through (3), the Administrator shall, by  
10 rule, require that comprehensive toxicity testing  
11 be conducted on all chemical substances that  
12 are perfluoroalkyl or polyfluoroalkyl substances.

13 “(B) REQUIREMENTS.—In issuing a rule  
14 under subparagraph (A), the Administrator—

15 “(i) may establish categories of  
16 perfluoroalkyl and polyfluoroalkyl sub-  
17 stances based on hazard characteristics or  
18 chemical properties;

19 “(ii) shall require the development of  
20 information relating to perfluoroalkyl and  
21 polyfluoroalkyl substances that the Admin-  
22 istrator determines is likely to be useful in  
23 evaluating the hazard and risk posed by  
24 such substances in land, air, and water (in-  
25 cluding drinking water and water used for

1                         agricultural purposes), as well as in prod-  
2                         ucts; and

3                         “(iii) may allow for varied or tiered  
4                         testing requirements based on hazard char-  
5                         acteristics or chemical properties of  
6                         perfluoroalkyl and polyfluoroalkyl sub-  
7                         stances or categories of perfluoroalkyl and  
8                         polyfluoroalkyl substances.

9                         “(C) DEADLINES.—The Administrator  
10                         shall issue—

11                         “(i) a proposed rule under subparagraph  
12                         (A) not later than 6 months after  
13                         the date of enactment of this paragraph;  
14                         and

15                         “(ii) a final rule under subparagraph  
16                         (A) not later than 2 years after the date  
17                         of enactment of this paragraph.”.

18                 (b) PERSONS SUBJECT TO RULE.—Section 4(b)(3) of  
19                         the Toxic Substances Control Act (15 U.S.C. 2603(b)(3))  
20                         is amended—

21                         (1) in subparagraph (A), by striking “subpara-  
22                         graph (B) or (C)” and inserting “subparagraph (B),  
23                         (C), or (D)”;

24                         (2) by adding at the end the following:

1       “(D) A rule under subsection (a)(5) shall require the  
2 development of information by any person who manufac-  
3 tures or processes, or intends to manufacture or process,  
4 a chemical substance that is a perfluoroalkyl or  
5 polyfluoroalkyl substance.”.

6       (c) PERFLUOROALKYL AND POLYFLUOROALKYL SUB-  
7 STANCES.—Section 4 of the Toxic Substances Control Act  
8 (15 U.S.C. 2603) is amended by adding at the end the  
9 following:

10      “(i) PERFLUOROALKYL AND POLYFLUOROALKYL  
11 SUBSTANCES.—

12      “(1) TESTING REQUIREMENT RULE.—

13           “(A) PROTOCOLS AND METHODOLOGIES.—  
14          In determining the protocols and methodologies  
15          to be included pursuant to subsection (b)(1) in  
16          a rule under subsection (a)(5), the Adminis-  
17          trator shall allow for protocols and methodolo-  
18          gies that test chemical substances that are  
19          perfluoroalkyl and polyfluoroalkyl substances as  
20          a class.

21           “(B) PERIOD.—In determining the period  
22          to be included pursuant to subsection (b)(1) in  
23          a rule under subsection (a)(5), the Adminis-  
24          trator shall ensure that the period is as short

1           as possible while allowing for completion of the  
2           required testing.

3           “(2) EXEMPTIONS.—In carrying out subsection  
4           (c) with respect to a chemical substance that is a  
5           perfluoroalkyl or polyfluoroalkyl substance, the Ad-  
6           ministrator—

7           “(A) may only determine under subsection  
8           (c)(2) that information would be duplicative if  
9           the chemical substance with respect to which  
10          the application for exemption is submitted is in  
11          the same category, as established under sub-  
12          section (a)(5)(B)(i), as a chemical substance for  
13          which information has been submitted to the  
14          Administrator in accordance with a rule, order,  
15          or consent agreement under subsection (a) or  
16          for which information is being developed pursu-  
17          ant to such a rule, order, or consent agreement;  
18          and

19           “(B) shall publish a list of all such chem-  
20          ical substances for which an exemption under  
21          subsection (c) is granted.”.

1   **SEC. 4. MANUFACTURING AND PROCESSING NOTICES FOR**  
2                   **PERFLUOROALKYL AND POLYFLUOROALKYL**  
3                   **SUBSTANCES.**

4       Section 5 of the Toxic Substances Control Act (15  
5   U.S.C. 2604) is amended—

6                   (1) in subsection (h), by adding at the end the  
7   following:

8                   “(7) PFAS.—

9                   “(A) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in  
10   subparagraph (B), this subsection does not  
11   apply to any chemical substance that is a  
12   perfluoroalkyl or polyfluoroalkyl substance.

13                  “(B) DRUGS AND DEVICES.—Paragraph  
14   (3) applies to a chemical substance that is a  
15   perfluoroalkyl or polyfluoroalkyl substance  
16   which is manufactured or processed, or pro-  
17   posed to be manufactured or processed, solely  
18   for purposes of—

19                  “(i) scientific experimentation or anal-  
20   ysis with respect to a drug or device (as  
21   such terms are defined in section 201 of  
22   the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic  
23   Act) or personal protective equipment (as  
24   such term is defined in section 20005 of  
25   the CARES Act); or

1                         “(ii) chemical research on, or analysis  
2                         of, such a chemical substance for the devel-  
3                         opment of a drug or device (as such terms  
4                         are defined in section 201 of the Federal  
5                         Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act) or personal  
6                         protective equipment (as such term is de-  
7                         fined in section 20005 of the CARES  
8                         Act).”; and

9                         (2) by adding at the end the following:

10                         “(j) PERFLUOROALKYL AND POLYFLUOROALKYL  
11                         SUBSTANCES.—

12                         “(1) DETERMINATION.—For a period of 5  
13                         years beginning on the date of enactment of this  
14                         subsection, any chemical substance that is a  
15                         perfluoroalkyl or polyfluoroalkyl substance for which  
16                         a notice is submitted under subsection (a) shall be  
17                         deemed to have been determined by the Adminis-  
18                         trator to present an unreasonable risk of injury to  
19                         health or the environment under paragraph (3)(A)  
20                         of such subsection.

21                         “(2) ORDER.—Notwithstanding subsection  
22                         (a)(3)(A), for a chemical substance described in  
23                         paragraph (1) of this subsection, the Administrator  
24                         shall issue an order under subsection (f)(3) to pro-

1 hibit the manufacture, processing, and distribution  
2 in commerce of such chemical substance.”.

3 **SEC. 5. NATIONAL PRIMARY DRINKING WATER REGULA-**  
4 **TIONS FOR PFAS.**

5 Section 1412(b) of the Safe Drinking Water Act (42  
6 U.S.C. 300g-1(b)) is amended by adding at the end the  
7 following:

8 “(16) PERFLUOROALKYL AND  
9 POLYFLUOROALKYL SUBSTANCES.—

10 “(A) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 2 years  
11 after the date of enactment of this paragraph,  
12 the Administrator shall, after notice and oppor-  
13 tunity for public comment, promulgate a na-  
14 tional primary drinking water regulation for  
15 perfluoroalkyl and polyfluoroalkyl substances,  
16 which shall, at a minimum, include standards  
17 for—

18 “(i) perfluorooctanoic acid (commonly  
19 referred to as ‘PFOA’); and

20 “(ii) perfluorooctane sulfonic acid  
21 (commonly referred to as ‘PFOS’).

22 “(B) ALTERNATIVE PROCEDURES.—

23 “(i) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 1  
24 year after the validation by the Adminis-  
25 trator of an equally effective quality con-

1                      trol and testing procedure to ensure com-  
2                      pliance with the national primary drinking  
3                      water regulation promulgated under sub-  
4                      paragraph (A) to measure the levels de-  
5                      scribed in clause (ii) or other methods to  
6                      detect and monitor perfluoroalkyl and  
7                      polyfluoroalkyl substances in drinking  
8                      water, the Administrator shall add the pro-  
9                      cedure or method as an alternative to the  
10                     quality control and testing procedure de-  
11                     scribed in such national primary drinking  
12                     water regulation by publishing the proce-  
13                     dure or method in the Federal Register in  
14                     accordance with section 1401(1)(D).

15                     “(ii) LEVELS DESCRIBED.—The levels  
16                     referred to in clause (i) are—

17                     “(I) the level of a perfluoroalkyl  
18                     or polyfluoroalkyl substance;

19                     “(II) the total levels of  
20                     perfluoroalkyl and polyfluoroalkyl sub-  
21                     stances; and

22                     “(III) the total levels of organic  
23                     fluorine.

24                     “(C) INCLUSIONS.—The Administrator  
25                     may include a perfluoroalkyl or polyfluoroalkyl

1 substance or class of perfluoroalkyl or  
2 polyfluoroalkyl substances on—

3 “(i) the list of contaminants for con-  
4 sideration of regulation under paragraph  
5 (1)(B)(i), in accordance with such para-  
6 graph; and

7 “(ii) the list of unregulated contami-  
8 nants to be monitored under section  
9 1445(a)(2)(B)(i), in accordance with such  
10 section.

11 “(D) MONITORING.—When establishing  
12 monitoring requirements for public water sys-  
13 tems as part of a national primary drinking  
14 water regulation under subparagraph (A) or  
15 subparagraph (G)(ii), the Administrator shall  
16 tailor the monitoring requirements for public  
17 water systems that do not detect or are reliably  
18 and consistently below the maximum contami-  
19 nant level (as defined in section 1418(b)(2)(B))  
20 for the perfluoroalkyl or polyfluoroalkyl sub-  
21 stances or class of perfluoroalkyl or  
22 polyfluoroalkyl substances subject to the na-  
23 tional primary drinking water regulation.

24 “(E) HEALTH PROTECTION.—The national  
25 primary drinking water regulation promulgated

1       under subparagraph (A) shall be protective of  
2       the health of subpopulations at greater risk, as  
3       described in section 1458.

4                 “(F) HEALTH RISK REDUCTION AND COST  
5                 ANALYSIS.—In meeting the requirements of  
6                 paragraph (3)(C), the Administrator may rely  
7                 on information available to the Administrator  
8                 with respect to one or more specific  
9                 perfluoroalkyl or polyfluoroalkyl substances to  
10                 extrapolate reasoned conclusions regarding the  
11                 health risks and effects of a class of  
12                 perfluoroalkyl or polyfluoroalkyl substances of  
13                 which the specific perfluoroalkyl or  
14                 polyfluoroalkyl substances are a part.

15                 “(G) REGULATION OF ADDITIONAL SUB-  
16                 STANCES.—

17                 “(i) DETERMINATION.—The Adminis-  
18                 trator shall make a determination under  
19                 paragraph (1)(A), using the criteria de-  
20                 scribed in clauses (i) through (iii) of that  
21                 paragraph, whether to include a  
22                 perfluoroalkyl or polyfluoroalkyl substance  
23                 or class of perfluoroalkyl or polyfluoroalkyl  
24                 substances in the national primary drink-  
25                 ing water regulation under subparagraph

1                             (A) not later than 18 months after the  
2                             later of—

3                                 “(I) the date on which the  
4                             perfluoroalkyl or polyfluoroalkyl sub-  
5                             stance or class of perfluoroalkyl or  
6                             polyfluoroalkyl substances is listed on  
7                             the list of contaminants for consider-  
8                             ation of regulation under paragraph  
9                             (1)(B)(i); and

10                                 “(II) the date on which—

11                                 “(aa) the Administrator has  
12                             received the results of monitoring  
13                             under section 1445(a)(2)(B) for  
14                             the perfluoroalkyl or  
15                             polyfluoroalkyl substance or class  
16                             of perfluoroalkyl or  
17                             polyfluoroalkyl substances; or

18                                 “(bb) the Administrator has  
19                             received reliable water data or  
20                             water monitoring surveys for the  
21                             perfluoroalkyl or polyfluoroalkyl  
22                             substance or class of  
23                             perfluoroalkyl or polyfluoroalkyl  
24                             substances from a Federal or  
25                             State agency that the Adminis-

1   trator determines to be of a qual-  
2   ity sufficient to make a deter-  
3   mination under paragraph  
4   (1)(A).

5   “(ii) PRIMARY DRINKING WATER REG-  
6   ULATIONS.—

7   “(I) IN GENERAL.—For each  
8   perfluoroalkyl or polyfluoroalkyl sub-  
9   stance or class of perfluoroalkyl or  
10   polyfluoroalkyl substances that the  
11   Administrator determines to regulate  
12   under clause (i), the Administrator—

13   “(aa) not later than 18  
14   months after the date on which  
15   the Administrator makes the de-  
16   termination, shall propose a na-  
17   tional primary drinking water  
18   regulation for the perfluoroalkyl  
19   or polyfluoroalkyl substance or  
20   class of perfluoroalkyl or  
21   polyfluoroalkyl substances; and

22   “(bb) may publish the pro-  
23   posed national primary drinking  
24   water regulation described in  
25   item (aa) concurrently with the

1 publication of the determination  
2 to regulate the perfluoroalkyl or  
3 polyfluoroalkyl substance or class  
4 of perfluoroalkyl or  
5 polyfluoroalkyl substances.

6 “(II) DEADLINE.—

7 “(aa) IN GENERAL.—Not  
8 later than 1 year after the date  
9 on which the Administrator pub-  
10 lishes a proposed national pri-  
11 mary drinking water regulation  
12 under clause (i)(I) and subject to  
13 item (bb), the Administrator  
14 shall take final action on the pro-  
15 posed national primary drinking  
16 water regulation.

17 “(bb) EXTENSION.—The  
18 Administrator, on publication of  
19 notice in the Federal Register,  
20 may extend the deadline under  
21 item (aa) by not more than 6  
22 months.

23 “(H) HEALTH ADVISORY.—

24 “(i) IN GENERAL.—Subject to clause  
25 (ii), the Administrator shall publish a

1                   health advisory under paragraph (1)(F) for  
2                   a perfluoroalkyl or polyfluoroalkyl sub-  
3                   stance or class of perfluoroalkyl or  
4                   polyfluoroalkyl substances not subject to a  
5                   national primary drinking water regulation  
6                   not later than 1 year after the later of—

7                         “(I) the date on which the Ad-  
8                         ministrator finalizes a toxicity value  
9                         for the perfluoroalkyl or  
10                        polyfluoroalkyl substance or class of  
11                        perfluoroalkyl or polyfluoroalkyl sub-  
12                        stances; and

13                         “(II) the date on which the Ad-  
14                         ministrator validates an effective qual-  
15                         ity control and testing procedure for  
16                         the perfluoroalkyl or polyfluoroalkyl  
17                         substance or class of perfluoroalkyl or  
18                         polyfluoroalkyl substances.

19                         “(ii) WAIVER.—The Administrator  
20                         may waive the requirements of clause (i)  
21                         with respect to a perfluoroalkyl or  
22                         polyfluoroalkyl substance or class of  
23                         perfluoroalkyl and polyfluoroalkyl sub-  
24                         stances if the Administrator determines  
25                         that there is a substantial likelihood that

1           the perfluoroalkyl or polyfluoroalkyl sub-  
2           stance or class of perfluoroalkyl or  
3           polyfluoroalkyl substances will not occur in  
4           drinking water with sufficient frequency to  
5           justify the publication of a health advisory,  
6           and publishes such determination, includ-  
7           ing the information and analysis used, and  
8           basis for, such determination, in the Fed-  
9           eral Register.”.

10 **SEC. 6. ENFORCEMENT.**

11       Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the Ad-  
12 ministrator of the Environmental Protection Agency may  
13 not impose financial penalties for the violation of a na-  
14 tional primary drinking water regulation (as defined in  
15 section 1401 of the Safe Drinking Water Act (42 U.S.C.  
16 300f)) with respect to a perfluoroalkyl or polyfluoroalkyl  
17 substance or class of perfluoroalkyl or polyfluoroalkyl sub-  
18 stances for which a national primary drinking water regu-  
19 lation has been promulgated under section 1412(b)(16) of  
20 the Safe Drinking Water Act earlier than the date that  
21 is 5 years after the date on which the Administrator pro-  
22 mulgates the national primary drinking water regulation.

## 1 SEC. 7. ESTABLISHMENT OF PFAS INFRASTRUCTURE

## 2 GRANT PROGRAM.

3 Part E of the Safe Drinking Water Act (42 U.S.C.  
4 300j et seq.) is amended by adding at the end the fol-  
5 lowing new section:

## 6 “SEC. 1459E. ASSISTANCE FOR COMMUNITY WATER SYS-

## 7 TEMS AFFECTED BY PFAS.

8 “(a) ESTABLISHMENT.—Not later than 180 days  
9 after the date of enactment of this section, the Adminis-  
10 trator shall establish a program to award grants to af-  
11 fected community water systems to pay for capital costs  
12 associated with the implementation of eligible treatment  
13 technologies.

## 14 “(b) APPLICATIONS.—

15 “(1) GUIDANCE.—Not later than 12 months  
16 after the date of enactment of this section, the Ad-  
17 ministrator shall publish guidance describing the  
18 form and timing for community water systems to  
19 apply for grants under this section.

20 “(2) REQUIRED INFORMATION.—The Adminis-  
21 trator shall require a community water system ap-  
22 plying for a grant under this section to submit—

23 “(A) information showing the presence of  
24 PFAS in water of the community water system;  
25 and

1                 “(B) a certification that the treatment  
2                 technology in use by the community water sys-  
3                 tem at the time of application is not sufficient  
4                 to meet all applicable standards, and all appli-  
5                 cable health advisories published pursuant to  
6                 section 1412(b)(1)(F), for perfluoroalkyl and  
7                 polyfluoroalkyl substances.

8                 “(c) LIST OF ELIGIBLE TREATMENT TECH-  
9                 NOLOGIES.—Not later than 150 days after the date of en-  
10                 actment of this section, and every 2 years thereafter, the  
11                 Administrator shall publish a list of treatment tech-  
12                 nologies that the Administrator determines are the most  
13                 effective at removing perfluoroalkyl and polyfluoroalkyl  
14                 substances from drinking water.

15                 “(d) PRIORITY FOR FUNDING.—In awarding grants  
16                 under this section, the Administrator shall prioritize an  
17                 affected community water system that—

18                     “(1) serves a disadvantaged community;  
19                     “(2) will provide at least a 10-percent cost  
20                 share for the cost of implementing an eligible treat-  
21                 ment technology;

22                     “(3) demonstrates the capacity to maintain the  
23                 eligible treatment technology to be implemented  
24                 using the grant; or

1           “(4) is located within an area with respect to  
2 which the Administrator has published a determina-  
3 tion under the first sentence of section 1424(e) re-  
4 lating to an aquifer that is the sole or principal  
5 drinking water source for the area.

6           “(e) NO INCREASED BONDING AUTHORITY.—  
7 Amounts awarded to affected community water systems  
8 under this section may not be used as a source of payment  
9 of, or security for (directly or indirectly), in whole or in  
10 part, any obligation the interest on which is exempt from  
11 the tax imposed under chapter 1 of the Internal Revenue  
12 Code of 1986.

13           “(f) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—

14           “(1) IN GENERAL.—There is authorized to be  
15 appropriated to carry out this section not more than  
16 \$500,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2022 through  
17 2026.

18           “(2) SPECIAL RULE.—Of the amounts author-  
19 ized to be appropriated by paragraph (1),  
20 \$25,000,000 are authorized to be appropriated for  
21 each of fiscal years 2022 and 2023 for grants under  
22 subsection (a) to pay for capital costs associated  
23 with the implementation of eligible treatment tech-  
24 nologies during the period beginning on October 1,

1       2014, and ending on the date of enactment of this  
2       section.

3       “(g) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

4           “(1) AFFECTED COMMUNITY WATER SYSTEM.—  
5       The term ‘affected community water system’ means  
6       a community water system that is affected by the  
7       presence of PFAS in the water in the community  
8       water system.

9           “(2) DISADVANTAGED COMMUNITY.—The term  
10      ‘disadvantaged community’ has the meaning given  
11      that term in section 1452.

12          “(3) DISPROPORTIONATELY EXPOSED COMMU-  
13       NITY.—The term ‘disproportionately exposed com-  
14       munity’ means a community in which climate  
15       change, pollution, or environmental destruction have  
16       exacerbated systemic racial, regional, social, environ-  
17       mental, and economic injustices by disproportio-  
18       nately affecting indigenous peoples, communities of  
19       color, migrant communities, deindustrialized commu-  
20       nities, depopulated rural communities, the poor, low-  
21       income workers, women, the elderly, the unhoused,  
22       people with disabilities, or youth.

23          “(4) ELIGIBLE TREATMENT TECHNOLOGY.—  
24       The term ‘eligible treatment technology’ means a

1 treatment technology included on the list published  
2 under subsection (c).

3 “(5) PFAS.—The term ‘PFAS’ means a  
4 perfluoroalkyl or polyfluoroalkyl substance with at  
5 least one fully fluorinated carbon atom, including the  
6 chemical GenX.”.

7 **SEC. 8. LISTING OF PERFLUOROALKYL AND**  
8 **POLYFLUOROALKYL SUBSTANCES AS HAZ-**  
9 **ARDOUS AIR POLLUTANTS.**

10 (a) LISTING.—

11 (1) INITIAL LISTING.—Not later than 180 days  
12 after the date of enactment of this Act, the Adminis-  
13 trator of the Environmental Protection Agency shall  
14 issue a final rule adding perfluorooctanoic acid and  
15 its salts, and perfluoroactanesulfonic acid and its  
16 salts, to the list of hazardous air pollutants under  
17 section 112(b) of the Clean Air Act (42 U.S.C.  
18 7412(b)).

19 (2) ADDITIONAL LISTINGS.—Not later than 5  
20 years after the date of enactment of this Act, the  
21 Administrator of the Environmental Protection  
22 Agency shall determine whether to issue, in accord-  
23 ance with section 112 of the Clean Air Act (42  
24 U.S.C. 7412), any final rules adding perfluoroalkyl  
25 and polyfluoroalkyl substances, other than those

1 perfluoroalkyl and polyfluoroalkyl substances listed  
2 pursuant to paragraph (1), to the list of hazardous  
3 air pollutants under section 112(b) of such Act.

4 (b) SOURCES CATEGORIES.—Not later than 365 days  
5 after any final rule is issued pursuant to subsection (a),  
6 the Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agen-  
7 cy shall revise the list under section 112(c)(1) of the Clean  
8 Air Act (42 U.S.C. 7412(c)(1)) to include categories and  
9 subcategories of major sources and area sources of  
10 perfluoroalkyl and polyfluoroalkyl substances listed pursu-  
11 ant to such final rule.

12 **SEC. 9. PROHIBITION ON UNSAFE WASTE INCINERATION OF**  
13 **PFAS.**

14 Section 3004 of the Solid Waste Disposal Act (42  
15 U.S.C. 6924) is amended by adding at the end the fol-  
16 lowing new subsection:

17 “(z) PFAS WASTES.—

18 “(1) FIREFIGHTING FOAM.—Not later than 6  
19 months after the date of enactment of this sub-  
20 section, the Administrator shall promulgate regula-  
21 tions requiring that when materials containing  
22 perfluoroalkyl and polyfluoroalkyl substances or  
23 aqueous film forming foam are disposed—

24 “(A) all incineration is conducted in a  
25 manner that eliminates perfluoroalkyl and

1           polyfluoroalkyl substances while also minimizing  
2           perfluoroalkyl and polyfluoroalkyl substances  
3           emitted into the air to the extent feasible;

4           “(B) all incineration is conducted in ac-  
5           cordance with the requirements of the Clean Air  
6           Act, including controlling hydrogen fluoride;

7           “(C) any materials containing  
8           perfluoroalkyl and polyfluoroalkyl substances  
9           that are designated for disposal are stored in  
10          accordance with the requirement under part  
11          264 of title 40, Code of Federal Regulations;  
12          and

13          “(D) all incineration is conducted at a fa-  
14          cility that has been permitted to receive waste  
15          regulated under this subtitle.

16          “(2) PENALTIES.—For purposes of section  
17          3008(d), a waste subject to a prohibition under this  
18          subsection shall be considered a hazardous waste  
19          identified or listed under this subtitle.”.

20 **SEC. 10. LABEL FOR PFAS-FREE PRODUCTS.**

21          (a) LABEL FOR PFAS-FREE PRODUCTS.—Not later  
22          than 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act, the  
23          Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency  
24          shall—

1                             (1) revise the Safer Choice Standard of the  
2                             Safer Choice Program to identify the requirements  
3                             for a covered product to meet in order to be labeled  
4                             with a Safer Choice label, including a requirement  
5                             that any such covered product does not contain any  
6                             PFAS; or

7                             (2) establish a voluntary label that is available  
8                             to be used by any manufacturer of any covered prod-  
9                             uct that the Administrator has reviewed and found  
10                          does not contain any PFAS.

11                         (b) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

12                         (1) COVERED PRODUCT.—The term “covered  
13                          product” means—

14                             (A) a pot,  
15                             (B) a pan;  
16                             (C) a cooking utensil;

17                             (D) carpet;

18                             (E) a rug;

19                             (F) clothing;

20                             (G) upholstered furniture;

21                             (H) a stain resistant, water resistant, or  
22                             grease resistant coating not subject to require-  
23                             ments under section 409 of the Federal Food,  
24                             Drug, and Cosmetic Act;

25                             (I) food packaging material;

**7 SEC. 11. GUIDANCE ON MINIMIZING THE USE OF FIRE-**

**8 FIGHTING FOAM AND OTHER RELATED**

**9 EQUIPMENT CONTAINING ANY PFAS.**

(a) GUIDANCE.—Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act, the Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency, in consultation with the head of the U.S. Fire Administration, Federal Aviation Administration, and other relevant Federal departments or agencies and representatives of State and local building and fire code enforcement jurisdictions, shall issue guidance on minimizing the use of, or contact with, firefighting foam and other related equipment containing any PFAS by firefighters, police officers, paramedics, emergency medical technicians, and other first responders, in order to minimize the risk to such firefighters, police officers, paramedics, emergency medical technicians, and other first responders, and the environment, without jeopardizing firefighting efforts.

1       (b) ANNUAL REPORT.—Not later than 2 years after  
2 the date of the enactment of this Act, and annually there-  
3 after, the Administrator, in consultation with the head of  
4 the U.S. Fire Administration, shall submit to Congress a  
5 report on the effectiveness of the guidance issued under  
6 subsection (a). Such report shall include recommendations  
7 for congressional actions that the Administrator deter-  
8 mines appropriate to assist efforts to reduce exposure to  
9 PFAS by firefighters and the other persons described in  
10 subsection (a).

11       (c) REPORT.—Not later than 1 year after the date  
12 of enactment of this Act, the Administrator of the Envi-  
13 ronmental Protection Agency, in consultation with the  
14 head of the U.S. Fire Administration and other relevant  
15 Federal departments or agencies, shall report to Congress  
16 on the efforts of the Environmental Protection Agency and  
17 other relevant Federal departments and agencies to iden-  
18 tify viable alternatives to firefighting foam and other re-  
19 lated equipment containing any PFAS.

20       (d) DEFINITION.—In this section, the term “PFAS”  
21 means perfluorooctanoic acid, perfluorooctanesulfonic  
22 acid, and any other perfluoroalkyl or polyfluoroalkyl sub-  
23 stance with at least one fully fluorinated carbon atom that  
24 the Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agen-

1 cy determines is used in firefighting foam and other re-  
2 lated equipment.

3 **SEC. 12. INVESTIGATION OF PREVENTION OF CONTAMINA-**  
4 **TION BY GENX.**

5 The Administrator of the Environmental Protection  
6 Agency shall investigate methods and means to prevent  
7 contamination by GenX of surface waters, including  
8 source waters used for drinking water purposes.

9 **SEC. 13. DISCLOSURE OF INTRODUCTIONS OF PFAS.**

10 (a) IN GENERAL.—The introduction of any  
11 perfluoroalkyl or polyfluoroalkyl substance by the owner  
12 or operator of an industrial source shall be unlawful unless  
13 such owner or operator first notifies the owner or operator  
14 of the applicable treatment works of—

15 (1) the identity and quantity of such substance;  
16 (2) whether such substance is susceptible to  
17 treatment by such treatment works; and  
18 (3) whether such substance would interfere with  
19 the operation of the treatment works.

20 (b) VIOLATIONS.—A violation of this section shall be  
21 treated in the same manner as a violation of a regulation  
22 promulgated under subsection 307(b) of the Federal  
23 Water Pollution Control Act (33 U.S.C. 1317(b)).

24 (c) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

1                             (1) INTRODUCTION.—The term “introduction”  
2     means the introduction of pollutants into treatment  
3     works, as described in section 307(b) of the Federal  
4     Water Pollution Control Act (33 U.S.C. 1317).

5                             (2) TREATMENT WORKS.—The term “treatment  
6     works” has the meaning given that term in section  
7     212 of the Federal Water Pollution Control Act (33  
8     U.S.C. 1292).

9 **SEC. 14. HOUSEHOLD WELL WATER TESTING WEBSITE.**

10                         (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 1 year after the  
11     date of enactment of this Act, the Administrator of the  
12     Environmental Protection Agency shall establish a website  
13     containing information relating to the testing of household  
14     well water.

15                         (b) CONTENTS.—The Administrator shall include on  
16     the website established under subsection (a) the following:

17                             (1) Information on how to get groundwater that  
18     is the source for a household water well tested by a  
19     well inspector who is certified by a qualified third  
20     party.

21                             (2) A list of laboratories that analyze water  
22     samples and are certified by a State or the Adminis-  
23     trator.

1                         (3) State-specific information, developed in co-  
2 ordination with each State, on naturally occurring  
3 and human-induced contaminants.

4                         (4) Information that, using accepted risk com-  
5 munication techniques, clearly communicates whether  
6 a test result value exceeds a level determined by  
7 the Administrator or the State to pose a health risk.

8                         (5) Information on treatment options, including  
9 information relating to water treatment systems cer-  
10 tified to the relevant NSF/ANSI American National  
11 Standard for drinking water treatment units by a  
12 third-party certification body accredited by the  
13 ANSI National Accreditation Board.

14                         (6) A directory of whom to contact to report a  
15 test result value that exceeds a level determined by  
16 the Administrator or the State to pose a health risk.

17                         (7) Information on financial assistance that is  
18 available for homeowners to support water treat-  
19 ment, including grants under section 306E of the  
20 Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act (7  
21 U.S.C. 1926e) and State resources.

22                         (8) Information about the health risks associ-  
23 ated with consuming water contaminated with PFAS  
24 as well as recommendations for individuals who be-

1 lieve they may have consumed such PFAS-contami-  
2 nated water.

3 (9) Any other information the Administrator  
4 considers appropriate.

5 (c) ACCESS.—The Administrator shall ensure infor-  
6 mation on the website established under subsection (a) is  
7 presented in a manner that provides meaningful access to  
8 such information for individuals with limited English pro-  
9 ficiency.

10 (d) COORDINATION.—The Administrator shall coordi-  
11 nate with the Secretary of Health and Human Services,  
12 the Secretary of Agriculture, and appropriate State agen-  
13 cies in carrying out this section.

14 (e) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There is  
15 authorized to be appropriated to carry out this section  
16 \$1,000,000 for fiscal year 2022.

17 **SEC. 15. RISK-COMMUNICATION STRATEGY.**

18 The Administrator of the Environmental Protection  
19 Agency shall develop a risk-communication strategy to in-  
20 form the public about the hazards or potential hazards  
21 of perfluoroalkyl and polyfluoroalkyl substances, or cat-  
22 egories of perfluoroalkyl and polyfluoroalkyl substances,  
23 by—

24 (1) disseminating information about the risks  
25 or potential risks posed by such substances or cat-

1       egories in land, air, water (including drinking water  
2       and water used for agricultural purposes), and prod-  
3       ucts;

4               (2) notifying the public about exposure path-  
5       ways and mitigation measures through outreach and  
6       educational resources; and

7               (3) consulting with States that have dem-  
8       onstrated effective risk-communication strategies for  
9       best practices in developing a national risk-commu-  
10      nication strategy.

11     **SEC. 16. ASSISTANCE TO TERRITORIES FOR ADDRESSING**  
12               **EMERGING CONTAMINANTS, WITH A FOCUS**  
13               **ON PERFLUOROALKYL AND**  
14               **POLYFLUOROALKYL SUBSTANCES.**

15       Section 1452(t) of the Safe Drinking Water Act (42  
16       U.S.C. 300j–12) is amended—

17               (1) by redesignating paragraph (2) as para-  
18       graph (3); and

19               (2) by inserting after paragraph (1) the fol-  
20       lowing new paragraph:

21               “(2) ASSISTANCE TO TERRITORIES.—To the ex-  
22       tent that sufficient applications are received, the Ad-  
23       ministrator shall use not less than 2 percent of the  
24       amounts made available under this subsection to  
25       provide grants to the Virgin Islands, the Common-

1 wealth of the Northern Mariana Islands, American  
2 Samoa, and Guam for the purpose of addressing  
3 emerging contaminants, with a focus on  
4 perfluoroalkyl and polyfluoroalkyl substances.”.

5 **SEC. 17. CLEAN WATER ACT EFFLUENT LIMITATIONS**  
6                   **GUIDELINES AND STANDARDS AND WATER**  
7                   **QUALITY CRITERIA FOR PFAS.**

8 (a) DEADLINES.—

9                   (1) WATER QUALITY CRITERIA.—Not later than  
10 3 years after the date of enactment of this section,  
11 the Administrator shall publish in the Federal Reg-  
12 ister human health water quality criteria under sec-  
13 tion 304(a)(1) of the Federal Water Pollution Con-  
14 trol Act (33 U.S.C. 1314) for each measurable  
15 perfluoroalkyl substance, polyfluoroalkyl substance,  
16 and class of such substances.

17                   (2) EFFLUENT LIMITATIONS GUIDELINES AND  
18 STANDARDS FOR PRIORITY INDUSTRY CAT-  
19 EGORIES.—As soon as practicable, but not later  
20 than 4 years after the date of enactment of this sec-  
21 tion, the Administrator shall publish in the Federal  
22 Register a final rule establishing, for each priority  
23 industry category, effluent limitations guidelines and  
24 standards, in accordance with the Federal Water  
25 Pollution Control Act, for the discharge (including a

1        discharge into a publicly owned treatment works) of  
2        each measurable perfluoroalkyl substance,  
3        polyfluoroalkyl substance, and class of such sub-  
4        stances.

5                (b) NOTIFICATION.—The Administrator shall notify  
6        the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure of  
7        the House of Representatives and the Committee on Envi-  
8        ronment and Public Works of the Senate of each publica-  
9        tion made under this section.

10                (c) IMPLEMENTATION ASSISTANCE FOR PUBLICLY  
11        OWNED TREATMENT WORKS.—

12                (1) IN GENERAL.—The Administrator shall  
13        award grants to owners and operators of publicly  
14        owned treatment works, to be used to implement ef-  
15        fluent limitations guidelines and standards developed  
16        by the Administrator for a perfluoroalkyl substance,  
17        polyfluoroalkyl substance, or class of such sub-  
18        stances.

19                (2) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—  
20        There is authorized to be appropriated to the Ad-  
21        ministrator to carry out this subsection  
22        \$200,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2022 through  
23        2026, to remain available until expended.

24                (d) NO INCREASED BONDING AUTHORITY.—  
25        Amounts awarded to an owner or operator of a publicly

1 owned treatment works under this section may not be used  
2 as a source of payment of, or security for (directly or indi-  
3 rectly), in whole or in part, any obligation the interest on  
4 which is exempt from the tax imposed under chapter 1  
5 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986.

6 (e) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

7 (1) ADMINISTRATOR.—The term “Administrator” means the Administrator of the Environ-  
8 mental Protection Agency.

10 (2) EFFLUENT LIMITATION.—The term “efflu-  
11 ent limitation” has the meaning given that term in  
12 section 502 of the Federal Water Pollution Control  
13 Act (33 U.S.C. 1362).

14 (3) MEASURABLE.—The term “measurable”  
15 means, with respect to a chemical substance or class  
16 of chemical substances, capable of being measured  
17 using test procedures established under section  
18 304(h) of the Federal Water Pollution Control Act  
19 (33 U.S.C. 1314).

20 (4) PERFLUOROALKYL SUBSTANCE.—The term  
21 “perfluoroalkyl substance” means a chemical of  
22 which all of the carbon atoms are fully fluorinated  
23 carbon atoms.

24 (5) POLYFLUOROALKYL SUBSTANCE.—The  
25 term “polyfluoroalkyl substance” means a chemical

1 containing at least one fully fluorinated carbon atom  
2 and at least one carbon atom that is not a fully  
3 fluorinated carbon atom.

4 (6) PRIORITY INDUSTRY CATEGORY.—The term  
5 “priority industry category” means the following  
6 point source categories:

7 (A) Organic chemicals, plastics, and syn-  
8 thetic fibers, as identified in part 414 of title  
9 40, Code of Federal Regulations (or successor  
10 regulations).

11 (B) Pulp, paper, and paperboard, as iden-  
12 tified in part 430 of title 40, Code of Federal  
13 Regulations (or successor regulations).

14 (C) Textile mills, as identified in part 410  
15 of title 40, Code of Federal Regulations (or suc-  
16 cessor regulations).

17 (D) Electroplating, as identified in part  
18 413 of title 40, Code of Federal Regulations (or  
19 successor regulations).

20 (E) Metal finishing, as identified in part  
21 433 of title 40, Code of Federal Regulations (or  
22 successor regulations).

23 (F) Leather tanning and finishing, as iden-  
24 tified in part 425 of title 40, Code of Federal  
25 Regulations (or successor regulations).

(G) Paint formulating, as identified in part 446 of title 40, Code of Federal Regulations (or successor regulations).

(H) Electrical and electronic components,  
as identified in part 469 of title 40, Code of  
Federal Regulations (or successor regulations).

10                             (7) TREATMENT WORKS.—The term “treatment  
11                             works” has the meaning given that term in section  
12                             212 of the Federal Water Pollution Control Act (33  
13                             U.S.C. 1292).

14 SEC. 18. SCHOOL DRINKING WATER TESTING AND FILTRA-  
15 TION GRANT PROGRAM.

16        Part F of the Safe Drinking Water Act (42 U.S.C.  
17 300j–21 et seq.) is amended by adding at the end the fol-  
18 lowing:

19 "SEC. 1466. SCHOOL PFAS TESTING AND FILTRATION  
20 GRANT PROGRAM.

21        "(a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 1 year after the  
22 date of enactment of this section, the Administrator shall  
23 establish a program to make grants to eligible entities  
24 for—

1           “(1) testing for perfluoroalkyl and  
2 polyfluoroalkyl substances in drinking water at  
3 schools that is conducted by an entity approved by  
4 the Administrator or the applicable State to conduct  
5 the testing;

6           “(2) installation, maintenance, and repair of  
7 water filtration systems effective for reducing  
8 perfluoroalkyl and polyfluoroalkyl substances in  
9 drinking water at schools that contains a level of any  
10 perfluoroalkyl or polyfluoroalkyl substance that ex-  
11 ceeds—

12           “(A) an applicable maximum contaminant  
13 level established by the Administrator under  
14 section 1412; or

15           “(B) an applicable standard established by  
16 the applicable State that is more stringent than  
17 the level described in subparagraph (A); or

18           “(3) safe disposal of spent water filtration  
19 equipment used to reduce perfluoroalkyl and  
20 polyfluoroalkyl substances in drinking water at  
21 schools.

22           “(b) GUIDANCE; PUBLIC AVAILABILITY.—As a condi-  
23 tion of receiving a grant under this section, an eligible en-  
24 tity shall—

1           “(1) expend grant funds in accordance with any  
2       applicable State regulation or guidance regarding  
3       the reduction of perfluoroalkyl and polyfluoroalkyl  
4       substances in drinking water at schools that is not  
5       less stringent than any applicable guidance issued by  
6       the Administrator;

7           “(2) make publicly available, including, to the  
8       maximum extent practicable, on the website of the  
9       eligible entity, a copy of the results of any testing  
10      carried out with grant funds received under this sec-  
11      tion; and

12          “(3) notify parent, teacher, and employee orga-  
13      nizations of the availability of the results described  
14      in paragraph (2).

15          “(c) LIMITATION.—An eligible entity receiving a  
16      grant under this section may use not more than 5 percent  
17      of grant funds to pay the administrative costs of carrying  
18      out the activities for which the grant was made.

19          “(d) DEFINITION OF ELIGIBLE ENTITY.—In this sec-  
20      tion, the term ‘eligible entity’ means—

21           “(1) a local educational agency; or

22           “(2) a State agency that administers a state-  
23      wide program to test for, remediate, or filter  
24      perfluoroalkyl and polyfluoroalkyl substances in  
25      drinking water.

1       “(e) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATION.—There is  
2 authorized to be appropriated to carry out this section  
3 \$100,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2022 through 2026,  
4 to remain available until expended.”.

5 **SEC. 19. ANALYTICAL REFERENCE STANDARDS FOR PFAS.**

6       (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days after the  
7 date of enactment of this Act, the Administrator of the  
8 Environmental Protection Agency shall require each cov-  
9 ered entity to submit to the Administrator an analytical  
10 reference standard for each perfluoroalkyl or  
11 polyfluoroalkyl substance with at least one fully  
12 fluorinated carbon atom manufactured by the covered en-  
13 tity after the date that is 10 years prior to the date of  
14 enactment of this Act.

15       (b) USES.—The Administrator may—

16           (1) use an analytical reference standard sub-  
17 mitted under this section only for—

18              (A) the development of information, proto-  
19 cols, and methodologies, which may be carried  
20 out by an entity determined appropriate by the  
21 Administrator; and

22              (B) activities relating to the implementa-  
23 tion or enforcement of Federal requirements;  
24 and

1                   (2) provide an analytical reference standard  
2                   submitted under this section to a State, to be used  
3                   only for—

4                   (A) the development of information, proto-  
5                   cols, and methodologies, which may be carried  
6                   out by an entity determined appropriate by the  
7                   State; and

8                   (B) activities relating to the implementa-  
9                   tion or enforcement of State requirements.

10                  (c) PROHIBITION.—No person receiving an analytical  
11                  reference standard submitted under this section may use  
12                  or transfer the analytical reference standard for a com-  
13                  mercial purpose.

14                  (d) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

15                  (1) COVERED ENTITY.—The term “covered en-  
16                  tity” means a manufacturer of a perfluoroalkyl or  
17                  polyfluoroalkyl substance with at least one fully  
18                  fluorinated carbon atom.

19                  (2) MANUFACTURE; STATE.—The terms “man-  
20                  ufacture” and “State” have the meanings given

1       those terms in section 3 of the Toxic Substances  
2       Control Act (15 U.S.C. 2602).

Passed the House of Representatives July 21, 2021.

Attest:                   CHERYL L. JOHNSON,  
*Clerk.*