# Sustainable Groundwater Management Act (SGMA)

Principles For Developing Governance Options

City Council October 20, 2015



## Presentation Outline

- History
- SGMA Basics
- □ Groundwater Sustainability Agency (GSA) Formation
- Basin Boundaries
- Principles
- Next Steps
- Recommendation

# Santa Rosa Groundwater History

- □ Groundwater provides 5-10% annual water supply
  - Farmers Lane Wells
- □ 2013 Santa Rosa GW Master Plan completed
  - □ Strategic direction for sustainable groundwater use
- Master Plan recommended Emergency Groundwater Supply Program

# Regional and State History

- □ Sept 2014 Council adopts Reso 28558 supporting Groundwater Management Plan (GMP)
- □ Oct 2014 Sonoma County Water Agency adopts GMP
- □ Sept 2014 Gov. Brown signs SGMA



## **SGMA** Basics

- Applies primarily to medium/high priority basins
- Requires local GSA formation by mid-2017
- Empowers local agencies to prepare/adopt Groundwater Sustainability Plans by 2022
- □ Provides a buffer against drought/climate change
- Enhances water supply reliability
- □ Sustainable by 2042 State is the backstop



# Steps to Groundwater Sustainability

#### Step one

Local agencies form GSAs by June 30, 2017

#### **Step two**

GSAs must adopt groundwater sustainability plans (GSPs) by 2022

#### **Step three**

Achieve the sustainability goal by 2042

### GSA Formation – Who?

- Any local agency or combination of agencies overlying a basin may form a GSA
- A local agency must have one of the following authorities:
  - Water supply
  - Water management
  - Land Use
- □ County is default in "uncovered areas"

## GSA Formation – How?

Form GSA through the use of JPA, MOU or other legal means

- One GSA per basin\*
- Multiple GSAs per basin
- One GSA for multiple basins

\*Preferred approach w/ coordination



## GSA Formation – Where?

- Santa Rosa Plain Subbasin
- Sonoma Valley Subbasin
- Petaluma Basin



#### What will the GSAs do?

Manage groundwater without causing *undesirable results* (as defined by SGMA)

- Chronic lowering of groundwater levels indicating supply depletion
- Reductions in groundwater storage
- Seawater intrusion
- Degraded water quality
- Land subsidence
- Surface water depletions that adversely impact beneficial uses

## GSA authorities per SGMA

GSAs at their discretion are empowered to:

- Conduct studies
- Require groundwater extraction reports
- Regulate groundwater extractions
- Implement capital projects to meet goals
- □ Assess fees to cover cost of groundwater management





## Land-Use Planning Connections

#### **GSAs** must:

■ Notify cities, county of hearings to adopt plan

☐ Incorporate and maintain consistency w/ general plan

assumptions

#### GSAs may:

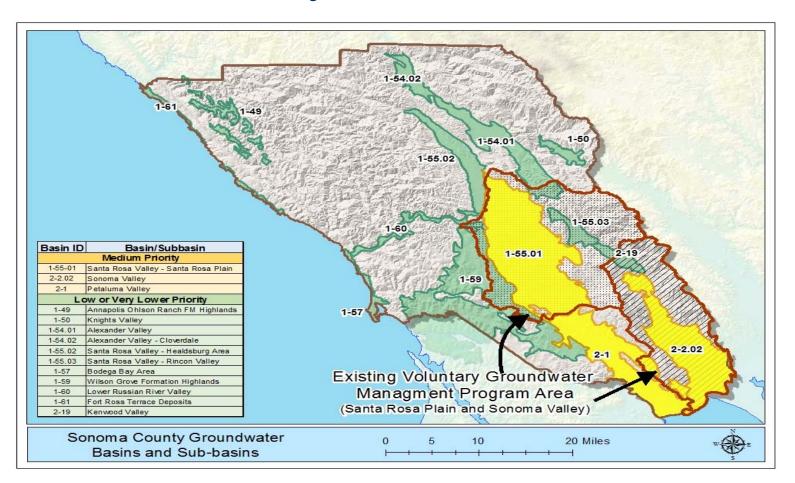
- Request notification of new well permits
- Adopt spacing requirements for new wells

#### GSAs cannot:

Supersede land use authority of cities/county



## Basin Boundaries Adjustments – Technical vs. Jurisdictional



# Principles for Developing Governance Options

- Build upon existing cooperation and successful water management efforts in Sonoma County
- Reinforces "local management" principles in SGMA
- Share resources and identify cohesive approach
- Represent community stakeholders through advisory committees
- Conduct robust and transparent outreach



## Next Steps

- Outreach and collaboration
- Consider basin boundary modifications
- Staffs from local agencies develop framework and legal agreement for GSA
- Consideration of GSA by BPU and Council in early 2017
- □ Form GSA for the Santa Rosa Plain Subbasin by July 1, 2017

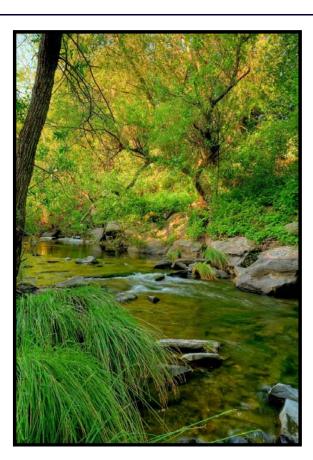


#### Recommended Action

Recommended by Board of Public Utilities and Santa Rosa Water Department staff to Adopt a Resolution of Support for Sustainable Groundwater Management Act Principles For Developing Governance Options

# Thank You

Questions/Comments?



#### Santa Rosa Plain Estimated Groundwater Demands by Use Type Average for 1975-2010, (USGS, 2014)

